

# <u>ANALYSE FINANCIÈRE</u>

# **Functional Balance Sheet**

year N

# Working Capital wc

Stable resources - Stable uses

#### Stable resources

Stable uses

Financial debt

- Depreciation fixed assets
- ⊕ Impairment current assets
- ⊕ Total equity
- $\oplus \text{Provisions}$  for liabilities and charges

Gross value of fixed assets

# Working Capital Requirements wcr

Current uses – Current resources

# Current uses

- Inventories ⊕ Receivables
- ⊕ Other receivables
- $\oplus$  FUNR (Factored unmatured notes

Gross value.

#### **Current resources**

**Payables** 

- ⊕ Social and tax debt
- ⊕ Fixed asset debt

Treasury

Working Capital - Working Capital Requirement

Treasury needs - Treasury resources Securities ⊕ Cash - Overdrafts - FUNR

year N-1

#### Use N-1 values. You have to calculate:

Depreciation fixed assets N-1:

Depreciation fixed assets N-DAP Depreciation  $N \oplus Gross$  value of fixed assets sold N-Net book value of fixed assets as N-Net book value of N-Net

Impairment current assets N-1:

You can find it in «ANNEX », column N-1, « Inventories provisions » and « receivables provisions ».

#### Gross value of fixed assets N-1:

Net book value of fixed assets  $N-1 \oplus Depreciation$  and  $N-1 \oplus Depreciation$  of fixed assets  $N-1 \oplus Depreciation$  and  $N-1 \oplus Depr$ 

#### Current uses N-1:

FUNR can be found in the annex. For the others, you have to add net book values N-1 and impairment current assets N-1 you have calculated before.

# **Intermediate Management Balances**

Year N & N-1

1	2	3
<b>Operating Revenue</b>	Added Value	Gross margin Only if you sale goods.
Sales ⊕ Stored production ⊕ Capitalized production ⊕ Operating grant	Operating revenue – Purchases – Inventory changes – Other purchases and external expenses* – Taxes * Don't forget to .withdraw External staff.	Sales of goods – Purchases of goods – Inventory changes of goods
4	5	6
EBITDA	Overall Gross Profit	Cash Flow
Added value – Wages and salaries – Payroll –Employee participation to the result – External staff	EBITDA ⊕ Extraordinary revenues – Extraordinary expenses ⊕ Financial revenues – Investment grants transferred to income ⊕ Book value of fixed assets	Overall gross profit – Financial expenses – Income tax

### Cash flow statement,

Everything is in Gross Value! Everything is in absolute values!!

Uses	Resources	<b>Operating investment :</b> Tangible assets $_N \oplus$ Intangible assets $_N$ –
Cash Flow ≤ 0 It depends. Dividends Operating investments Financial investments Financial debt decrease Cash increase WCR increase	Cash Flow ≥ 0 It depends.  Capital increase only cash contribution.  Disposal of fixed assets sale price N.  Loan decrease  Investment grant  Financial debt increase  Cash decrease  WCR decrease	Tangible assets $_{N-1}$ – Intangible assets $_{N-1}$ $\oplus$ DAP Depreciation $\oplus$ Book value of fixed assets sold  Financial investments: Shares $_N$ Shares $_{N-1}$ Capital increase: Capital $_N$ – Capital $_{N-1}$ – (Reserves $_{N-1}$ – Reserves $_N$ + Retained earning $_{N-1}$ – dividends $_N$ ) + Share premium $_N$ Loan decrease: Loans $_N$ – Loans $_{N-1}$ Investment grant: Capital grant $_N$ – Capital grant $_{N-1}$ $\oplus$ Investment grants transferred to income  Financial debt change: Financial debt $_N$ – Financial debt $_{N-1}$ $\oplus$ FUNR $_N$ – FUNR $_N$ 1  For the others "increase" or "decrease", the calculation is $_N$ – $_N$ 1  Ps: Cash in this table = Securities $\oplus$ cash in balance sheet.

# **Conseils**